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Bee Friendly Gardening™ July 2023

## My Pollinator Garden Surprise: From Seed Collection to Planting

### Written by Sandra Chenal, P2 NRCS Ohio Liaison



Since the age of eight, I have had my own vegetable garden. Though, the extent of my flower knowledge was limited to the zinnias and sunflowers I would plant in my garden, and the few daffodils, Lily of the Valley, Irises, and Peonies that my mom grew.

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As I became an adult, my understanding and passion for farming, gardening, and wildlife magnified as I studied natural resource planning and management in college and went on to work for the USDA. After retiring from the USDA's Natural Resources Conservation Service

(NRCS), I was fortunate to get hired by Pollinator Partnership, where I have been able to use my conservation planning experience and knowledge of Farm Bill programs to help folks who want to create large (1/2 ac or larger) pollinator meadows participate in USDA programs to help establish them. I also help train government officials on pollinator habitat installation and plant identification. To brush up on some of my Ohio wildflower ID and gather some photos for

an upcoming training event, I arranged to go on a wildflower walk with one of my colleagues. It was later in the fall, so all the plants had gone to seed. With permission, I collected a few seed head samples of each of the species on the well-established site. All the seed heads were all placed in one unlabeled bag, photos and notes from my training tucked away for future reference. Later in the winter, I revisited my collection to refresh my memory, only to find the seed pods crumbled and unrecognizable. So, I did what most gardeners love to do...I decided to sow the seeds!

READ ARTICLE

### Non-Natives May Play an Important Role in Your Garden Written by Sara Wittenberg, Bee Friendly Gardening Coordinator

An Introduction to Introduced Species:

### When constructing a built

landscape, such as a pollinator garden, floral composition may consist of plants categorized as native (have always been present on the landscape), non-native (have been introduced, either deliberately or accidentally, by humans), or invasive (non-native and likely to cause harm to human health, the economy, or the environment). Because of the habit invasives have of crowding and outcompeting native species, they can affect all species that rely on those native species.



whenever possible in your garden. In fact, the International Union for Conservation of Nature considers the introduction of invasive species one of the most significant threats to global biodiversity. When designing your Bee Friendly Garden, however, as long as you are careful to avoid invasive plants, interweaving some of your favorite pollinator-friendly non-native plants can have a positive effect. READ ARTICLE

Send us a photo of your Bee Friendly Garden



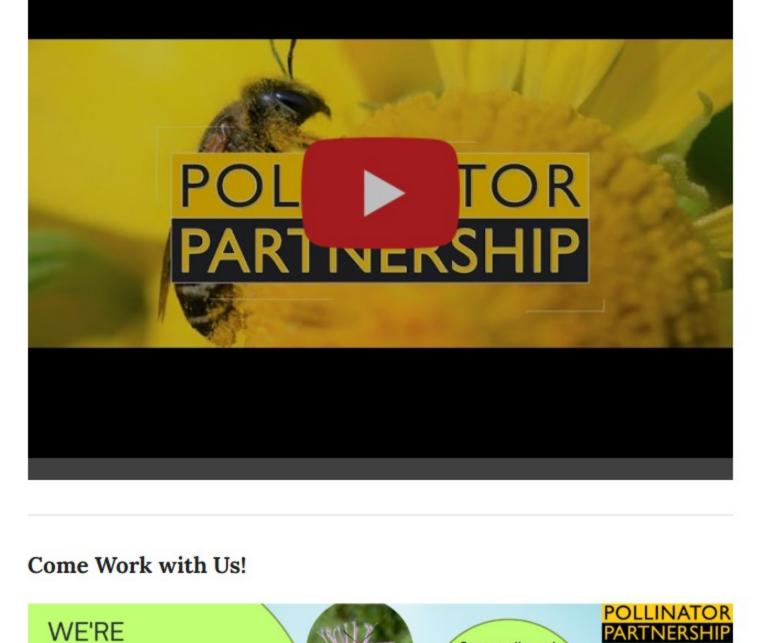
garden. Email them to bfg@pollinator.org. SEND BFG PHOTOS

sign in her colorful pollinator patch! We would love to see pictures of your

Watch Our New "About Us" Video

### After 25 years of serving pollinators, people, and the planet, we are thrilled to share our newly released 'About Us' video. Please check it out, and join us

in sharing this video, following us on social media, or participating in some of Pollinator Partnership's other programs. Your support makes a big difference!



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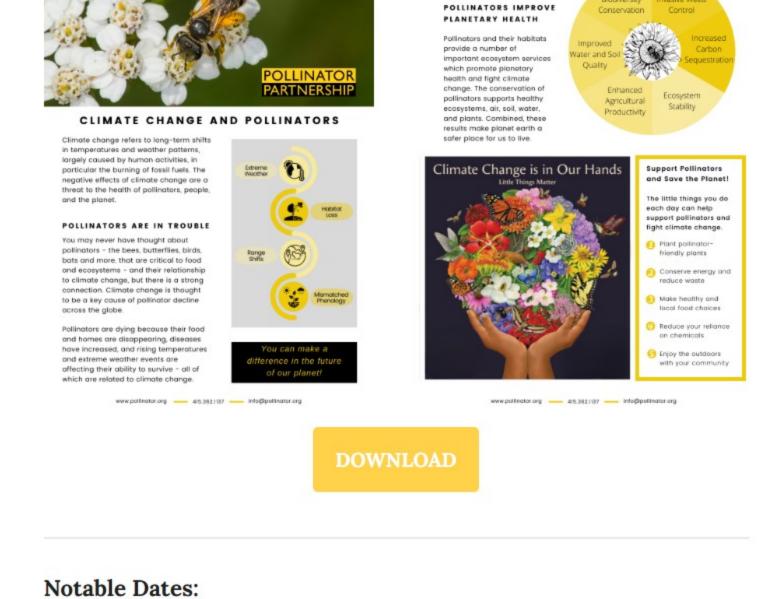
Benefits: Beginning salary range is \$50-55,000, commensurate

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# • July 22-30 - National Moth Week

- August 17 National Nonprofit Day • August 19 - World Honey Bee Day

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